| Term | Week | Topic | Objectives |
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| 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 2 | Place value | * count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number * recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) * compare and order numbers up to 1000 * identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations * read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words * solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. |
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| 4 |
| 5 | Geometry - Shape | * draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them * recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn * identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle * identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. |
| 6 | Number – addition and subtraction | * add and subtract numbers mentally, including:   a three-digit number and ones  a three-digit number and tens  a three-digit number and hundreds   * add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction * estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers * solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. |
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| 8 |
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| 2 |
| 3 | Measurement – Length and perimeter | * measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm) * measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes |
| 4 |
| 5 | Number – multiplication and division | * recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables * write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods * solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects. |
| 6 |
| 7 | Christmas | * interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables * solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, ‘How many more?’ and ‘How many fewer?’] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. |
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| 2 |
| 3 | Measurement - Money | * add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts |
| 4 |
| 5 | Statistics | * interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables * solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, ‘How many more?’ and ‘How many fewer?’] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. |
| 6 |
| 4 | 1 | Geometry - Shape | * draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them * recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn * identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle * identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. |
| 2 | Number - Fractions | * count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 * recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators * recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators * recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators * add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole * compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators * solve problems that involve all of the above. |
| 3 |
| 4 | Measures -time | * tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks * estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o’clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight * know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year * compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]. |
| 5 |
| 6 | Measurement – mass and capacity | * measure, compare, add and subtract: mass (kg/g) and volume/capacity (l/ml) |
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